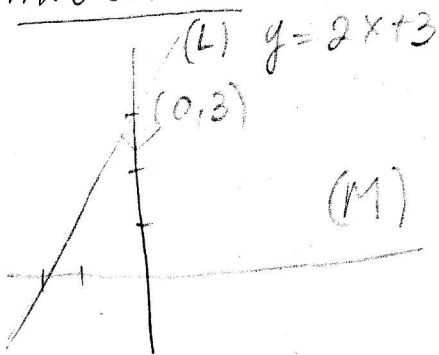


Problem 1

$$m_L = 2$$

$$m_M = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$M: y - 3 = -\frac{1}{2}(x - 0)$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 3$$

$$x = -4 \Rightarrow y = \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot (-4) + 3 = 5$$

Answer: A

Problem 2

$$\begin{cases} S + 5\%S = L + 1200 \\ L - 1\%S = S \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 105\%S = L + 1200 \\ 101\%S = L \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{105}{101} = \frac{L + 1200}{L} \Rightarrow L = 30,300$$

Answer: D

Problem 3

$$x_1 \cdot x_2 = \frac{c}{a} \Rightarrow -1 \cdot x_2 = \frac{c}{a} \Rightarrow x_2 = -\frac{c}{a}$$

Answer: D

Problem 4

$$\begin{cases} x \cdot 0.25 + y \cdot 0.10 + z \cdot 0.05 + u \cdot 0.01 = 0.45 \quad | \cdot 100 \\ x + y + z + u = 9 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 25x + 10y + 5z + u = 45 \\ x + y + z + u = 9 \end{cases} \Rightarrow u \text{ should be divisible by 5} \Rightarrow u = 0 \text{ or } u = 5$$

Case 1 $u = 0$