

(11)

$$(19) \begin{cases} a+b=m \\ a^2+b^2=n \\ a^3+b^3=m+m \end{cases} \quad m, n \text{ positive integers}$$

$$\begin{cases} a+b=x \\ ab=y \end{cases}$$

$$a^2+b^2 = (a+b)^2 - 2ab = x^2 - 2y$$

$$a^3+b^3 = (a+b)(a^2-ab+b^2) = (a+b)[(a+b)^2 - 3ab]$$

$$= x(x^2 - 3y)$$

$$\begin{cases} x=m \\ x^2-2y=n \\ x^3-3xy=m+m \end{cases}$$

$$x^2-2y=n$$

$$x^3-3xy=m+m$$

$$m^2-2y=n$$

$$2y = m^2 - n \quad | \cdot 3m$$

 $\Rightarrow$ 

$$m^3 - 3my = m+m$$

$$3my = m^3 - m - m \quad | \cdot 2$$

$$3m^3 - 3mm = 2m^3 - 2m - 2m$$

$$m^3 + 2m = 3mm - 2m$$

$$m = \frac{m^3 + 2m}{3m - 2} = m \left( \frac{m^2 + 2}{3m - 2} \right)$$

$$3m = m \left( \frac{3m^2 + 6}{3m - 2} \right) = m \left( m + \frac{2m+6}{3m-2} \right) = m^2 + m \frac{2m+6}{3m-2}$$

$$9m = 3m^2 + m \frac{6m+18}{3m-2} = 3m^2 + m \left( 2 + \frac{22}{3m-2} \right)$$

$$= 3m^2 + 2m + m \frac{22}{3m-2}$$

$$m \text{ integer} \Rightarrow 3m-2 = \pm 22$$

$$m = 8$$

$$9m = 3 \cdot 8^2 + 2 \cdot 8 + 8 \cdot 1$$

$$\Rightarrow 9m = 216 \Rightarrow m = 24$$

ANSWER: D