

12. The equation $a^6 + b^2 + c^2 = 2009$ has a solution in positive integers a , b , and c in which exactly two of a , b , and c are powers of 2. Find $a + b + c$.
- A. 43 B. 45 C. 47 D. 49 E. 51
13. ACME Widget employees are paid every other Friday (i. e., on Fridays in alternate weeks). The year 2008 was unusual in that ACME had 3 payday in February. What is the units digit of the next year in which ACME has 3 February paydays?
- A. 0 B. 2 C. 4 D. 6 E. 8
14. Five murder suspects, including the murderer, are being interrogated by the police. Results of a polygraph indicate two of them are lying and three are telling the truth. If the polygraph results are correct, who is the murderer?
- Suspect A: "D is the murderer" Suspect B: "I am innocent" Suspect C: "It wasn't E"
 Suspect D: "A is lying" Suspect E: "B is telling the truth"
- A. A B. B C. C D. D E. E
15. Two arithmetic sequences are multiplied together to produce the sequence 468, 462, 384, What is the next term of this sequence?
- A. 250 B. 286 C. 300 D. 324 E. 336
16. In $\triangle ABC$, $AB = 5$, $BC = 9$, and $AC = 7$. Find the value of $\frac{\tan \frac{A-B}{2}}{\tan \frac{A+B}{2}}$.
- A. $\frac{1}{8}$ B. $\frac{7}{9}$ C. $\frac{3}{2}$ D. $\frac{9}{7}$ E. 8
17. A pyramid has a square base 6 m on a side and a height of 9 m. Find the volume of the portion of the pyramid which lies above the base and below a plane parallel to the base and 3 m above the base.
- A. 32 m^3 B. 36 m^3 C. 64 m^3 D. 72 m^3 E. 76 m^3
18. In $\triangle ABC$, $AB = AC$ and in $\triangle DEF$, $DE = DF$. If AB is twice DE and $\angle D$ is twice $\angle A$, then the ratio of the area of $\triangle ABC$ to the area of $\triangle DEF$ is:
- A. $\tan A$ B. $2 \sec A$ C. $\csc 2A$ D. $\sec A \tan A$ E. $\cot 2A$
19. In hexagon $PQRSTU$, all interior angles = 120° . If $PQ = RS = TU = 50$, and $QR = ST = UP = 100$, find the area of the triangle bounded by QT , RU , and PS to the nearest tenth.
- A. 1082.5 B. 1082.9 C. 1083.3 D. 1083.5 E. 1083.9
20. For all integers $k \geq 0$, $P(k) = (2^2 + 2^1 + 1)(2^2 - 2^1 + 1)(2^4 - 2^2 + 1) \cdots (2^{2^{k+1}} - 2^{2^k} + 1) - 1$ is always the product of two integers n and $n + 1$. Find the smallest value of k for which $n + (n + 1) \geq 10^{1000}$.
- A. 9 B. 10 C. 11 D. 12 E. 13